

1.—Oil Delivered by Pipeline, 1956-60

Destination	1956	1957	1958	1959	1960
	bbl.	bbl.	bbl.	bbl.	bbl.
Yukon Territory ¹	—	—	—	37,157	320,360
British Columbia.....	21,809,740	22,300,264	20,597,276	22,585,326	23,284,402
U.S. Pacific Northwest (at Sumas, B.C.).....	19,211,435	27,329,940	8,968,639	13,271,836	18,125,927
West Coast offshore shipments.....	6,230,466	6,904,960	—	—	—
Alberta ²	17,830,462	13,570,320	16,150,606	22,741,019	23,068,781
Saskatchewan.....	16,732,869	17,691,698	16,289,075	18,509,119	18,235,423
Manitoba.....	9,981,540	9,952,757	10,628,835	10,977,184	11,275,498
U.S. Midwest (at Gretna, Man.).....	16,867,189	20,643,820	20,781,689	20,433,937	23,245,945
Ontario—crude oil.....	52,027,871 ¹	52,382,052 ²	61,736,033 ²	71,558,611 ²	72,778,158
Ontario—refinery products.....	43,934,694 ²	44,760,797 ²	43,478,139 ²	45,858,662 ²	47,680,313
Quebec.....	76,755,440	81,428,930	78,547,073	84,371,790	79,170,088
Totals, Net Deliveries.....	281,364,706	296,965,538	277,177,365	310,344,641²	317,184,895

¹ Products of refineries.² Includes natural gasoline and other products.

Revenue and employee data shown in Table 2 are not complete; both revenue and employee figures have been omitted for three companies and employee figures for eight other companies, since pipeline operation forms only a part of the activities of these establishments and the data are not separable.

2.—Operating Statistics of Oil Pipelines, 1957-60

Item	1957	1958	1959	1960
Barrels Handled (gross daily average)—				
Gathering.....	No. 448,401	428,568	494,353	521,899
Trunk.....	" 1,140,146	1,098,341	1,228,194	1,285,928
Barrel miles (trunk lines).....	'000,000 114,572	98,522	114,157 ¹	119,316
Average miles per barrel (trunk lines).....	No. 273	245	255	254
Average employees.....	" 1,722	1,653	1,559	1,549
Salaries and wages.....	\$ 9,541,372	9,321,821	9,351,295	9,638,912
Man-hours worked by wage-earners (including overtime).....	No. 962,302	855,225	853,241	837,982
Operating revenues.....	\$ 87,719,710	76,621,901	86,897,575	93,002,123

Gas Pipeline Transport Statistics.—The gas pipeline transport industry became a significant factor in the Canadian economy in 1957, with the completion of the first of several extensive pipelines constructed to transport natural gas from the field or processing plant to distribution outlets. The first detailed statistics for the industry cover the year 1959. Companies included are those that obtain the bulk of their revenue from the sale of gas to distribution companies for resale; those that derive most of their revenue from the sale of gas to final consumers are not included.

During 1960, Canadian transmission lines increased their net deliveries of natural gas by 32.8 p.c. to a total of 291,161,190 Mcf. from 219,279,021 Mcf. in 1959. Deliveries to distribution systems increased 31.3 p.c. and deliveries to foreign transmission lines 35.2 p.c. Much of the latter took place in the months of October, November and December after Trans-Canada Pipe Lines Limited commenced delivery to the mid-western United States. Deliveries averaged 795,522 Mcf. per day in 1960 compared with 600,764 Mcf. in 1959. Trans-Canada Pipe Lines accounted for 44.0 p.c. of the deliveries and West-coast Transmission Company Limited for 37.3 p.c.